• Using drugs and/or alcohol can make it harder to make informed choices and to pay attention to how you and your body are responding to anal play.
• Pregnancy: anal play doesn’t put you at risk of pregnancy unless there is ejaculate (cum) near or around the vulva.
• STIs: anal play can pass on sexually transmitted infections (STIs). Using condoms on sex toys and penises, gloves on hands and dental dams (or condoms cut up one side) for oral sex can reduce your risk. If you have an outbreak of herpes or warts around the anus, you may want to avoid anal play until the outbreaks have healed and/or been treated. This will reduce the risk of passing an STI on and make anal play more comfortable.
• Protecting the vagina: don’t ever put a toy or body part into anyone’s vagina that has been used in anyone’s butt without washing or putting a new condom on it first. Moving bacteria from the butt into the vagina can cause an infection.

Remember
• Anal play can be a healthy and normal part of anyone’s sex life. Not everyone enjoys it and that’s okay too.
• It can be difficult to find reliable, health-based information about anal play online. For more information, check out the books The Ultimate Guide to Anal Sex for Women (Tristan Taormino) or Anal Pleasure and Health: A Guide for Men and Women (Jack Morrison).

For further information or to book an appointment:

For youth ages 13-29 - Planned Parenthood Toronto

Health Services
Offers drop-in and scheduled appointments
Call 416-961-0113 or visit www.ppt.on.ca.

Teen Health Source
Offers anonymous and confidential sexual health information for teens by teens. MSN chat and email TeenHealthSource@ppt.on.ca, call 416-961-3200, text 647-933-5399 or visit www.TeenHealthSource.com.

For women - Bay Centre for Birth Control
Offers drop-in and scheduled appointments
Call 416-351-3700

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Anatomy of your butt

- **Perineum**: the area between the anus and either the scrotum (balls) or the opening of the vagina*. It is often a pleasurable place to be touched.
- **Anus**: the opening of your butt, made of soft, wrinkled tissue. This tissue is very sensitive and responds to touch and stimulation. Most people have hair surrounding their anus. Some people choose to remove it and some people don’t.
- **Sphincter muscles**: the muscles just inside your butt that surround the anus. There is an external sphincter and an internal one. These are the muscles that relax or contract to allow things to move in and out of your butt.
- **Anal canal**: this canal runs 1-2 inches long into the rectum. It can also be very responsive to touch and the tissue becomes engorged when you are aroused. If you (and your sphincter muscles) are relaxed, the canal can expand.
- **Bowel**: this is an overall term for your colon and rectum.
- **Rectum**: beyond the anal canal, the rectum is about 5 inches of soft, smooth tissue that can expand a lot. It curves gently in an “S” shape. Feces is not stored here.
- **Colon**: the colon is around 9.5 - 11” from the opening of the anus to the colon, so you are not likely to reach this area during anal play. This is where feces is stored. When your body is ready for a bowel movement, feces moves into the rectum, then the canal and out the anus. This leaves only trace amounts of feces in the canal and anus which is easily removed with soap and water.
- **Prostate**: a gland in men** that produces semen. Technically, it is not inside the butt; it’s actually below the bladder. However, it can be felt through the anal canal and stimulated through anal play. This can be very pleasurable.

* if you use different terms to describe these parts of your body, please tell your clinician.
** the terms men/women/male/female refer to physical sex not gender identity.

Preparation and tips

- **Happy and healthy butt**: getting lots of fibre in your diet and drinking enough water help keep your rectum healthy. Anal play does NOT cause conditions like recurring constipation, diarrhea or hemorrhoids but if you already have these conditions, you may want to avoid anal play until your butt is feeling better.
- **Empty bowels and clean butt**: having a bowel movement before anal play can make it more comfortable. Do not hold a bowel movement in. If you feel like you need to go, then do so.
- **Short, smooth nails**: the tissues inside the butt are very delicate. To avoid small tears and cuts, ensure your nails are short and smooth and/or wear a latex or nitrile glove.
- **Talk about it**: before you start, make sure you and your partner(s) agree on what things you will and will not try. During anal play, talk about what feels good and what doesn’t.
- **Start on the outside**: relax the area by touching near and around the outside of the anus with toys or fingers for at least 15 minutes before going inside the butt. If and when you are ready to try something inside, start with small toys or body parts until you and your partner(s) feel ready moving to something bigger.
- **Take your time**: feeling relaxed, breathing and being patient are key to enjoying anal play. If you are short on time or feeling stressed out, you may want to save anal play for another time.
- **Lube**: the anus doesn’t naturally get wet, so have lots of water-based lubricants on hand (oil-based lubricants can break down latex condoms and silicone-based lubricants don’t work well with silicone toys). Use lots of lube and re-apply often.
- **Toys**: some people like to use toys for anal play. Make sure anything you put in your butt or someone else’s is: smooth, unbreakable, flexible, clean, comfortable in size and has a flared base so that it can be gripped and removed easily. Putting condoms on toys can help keep them clean.